CARL J. KUNASEK

JAMES M. IRVIN

Chairman

Commissioner

Commissioner

WILLIAM A. MUNDELI

3

7

5

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27 28

BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION D

NUV 1 5 2000

DOCKETED BY

2000 NOV 15 P 1: 46

AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCUMENT CONTROL

IN THE MATTER OF U S WEST COMMUNICATIONS, INC.'S **COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 271** OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF 1996

DOCKET NO. T-00000A-97-0238

STAFF'S RESPONSE TO AT&T'S MOTION FOR REVIEW OF PMA IMPASSE REPORT – MIL ISSUE 926

The Arizona Corporation Commission ("ACC" or "Commission") Staff hereby responds in opposition to the Motion filed by AT&T Communications of the Mountain States. Inc. and TCG Phoenix (collectively, "AT&T") for Review of the Staff's PMA Impasse Report, MIL Issue No. 926.

I. BACKGROUND.

Two documents govern, to a great degree, the testing of Owest's Operational Support Systems ("OSS") in Arizona to determine whether Owest meets the requirements of Section 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("1996 Act"): the Master Test Plan, version 4.0, dated April 6, 2000 ("MTP") and the Test Standards Document, version 2.7, dated June 24. 2000 ("TSD"). Both documents were the result of extensive negotiation and collaboration among the participants of the Test Advisory Group ("TAG"). The TAG is comprised of representatives from the Commission Staff, its Consultant, DCI, its Test Administrator - CAP Gemini Ernst & Young, its Pseudo-CLEC – Hewlett Packard, Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("CLECs") and Qwest. If the TAG cannot reach consensus on an issue it is referred to the Commission Staff for resolution.

The OSS Test is comprised of five parts: the Performance Measurement Evaluation ("PME"), the Relationship Management Test, the Retail Parity Test, the Functionality Test and the Capacity Test. The disputed issue referred to the Staff by the TAG and addressed in the Staff's Impasse Report which is the subject of AT&T's Motion has to do with the

23l

25l

relationship between the PME and the Functionality Test. More specifically, the issue pertains to whether the PME and/or Historical Data Evaluation is an entrance criteria for the Functionality Test.

The MTP defines the scope of the PME as including "...reviews of Performance Measurement data collection and analysis (including an evaluation of the processes and procedures that U S WEST employs to collect data and calculate performance measurements), a performance evaluation over a three-month consecutive period specified by the ACC, Functionality and Capacity Tests and Performance Measurement verification." MTP (Section 1. Executive Overview) at p. 3. The Functionality Test is designed to provide information for the ACC to assess the ability of Qwest's OSS to provide operational functionality to CLECs. The test includes an evaluation of Qwest's processes including pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance & repair (M&R) and billing.

It is AT&T's position that the Historical Data Evaluation must be completed before any Functionality Testing may begin. *See* AT&T Motion and Attachments. It is Qwest's position that this is not required and that the appropriate point to begin Functionality Testing should be left to the discretion of the Test Administrator. *See* Qwest November 8, 2000 Response.

After a careful and thorough evaluation of both the MTP and TSD, the Commission Staff found that the language of both documents was clear that completion of the PME is not an entrance criteria to the Functionality Test. Additionally, Staff found that the language of both documents was also clear that sufficient completion of the Process Audit (the first portion of the PME) was an entrance criteria to the Functionality Test. Staff also found that the language of both documents, while ambiguous, could also be construed to require some evaluation of the Qwest's historical performance measurement data before Functionality Testing begins. However, Staff could not find any agreement reflected in either document that the parties collectively intended that the Historical Data Evaluation (the second portion of the PME) be completed before Functionality Testing could begin. By requiring a three months review where the data was available, and at least some review for other measurements where three

28 .

months is not available, the Staff construed both documents and the parties' positions in the most reasonable and consistent fashion possible. Additionally, the Staff's resolution attempted to ensure the continued integrity of the OSS test.

II. ARGUMENTS.

A. The Express Provisions of the MTP and TSD Do Not Reflect an Agreement By the Parties For Completion of Either the PME or the Historical Data Evaluation Before Functionality Testing May Begin.

Under the TSD and MTP, the PME is composed of the following four distinct components:

- 1) PM Process Review
- 2) Historical Data Evaluation
- 3) Functionality Test Evaluation
- 4) Capacity Test Evaluation

The first phase, the PM Process Review, includes an evaluation of the process and procedures in place to verify that data is being collected and used in a proper fashion when computing performance measures. *See* MTP Section 8.3.1. According to the MTP, this evaluation is to include an examination of documentation, an evaluation of Qwest's data collection, analysis and reporting processes based on Performance Indicator Definitions ("PIDs"), interviews with Qwest personnel and clarifying discussions with CLEC representatives where appropriate.

The Historical Data Evaluation, the second component of the PME, includes an examination of performance measurement data from a three-month period to determine if Qwest is correctly computing the results. *See* MTP Section 8.3.2. The Historical Data Evaluation includes the following: 1) a review of the calculation of performance measurements; 2) an independent calculation of results, using data provided by Qwest; 3) calculation of z-statistics for performance measurements; 4) comparison to z-statistics computed by Qwest, and 5) determination of the extent that Qwest's historical data are consistent with the Performance Indicator Definitions. See MTP Section 8.3.2.

The last two components of the PME include the Functionality Test and Capacity Test Evaluation phases of the audit which are to evaluate the performance measurements listed in Appendix C to the Arizona MTP. *See* MTP, Section 8.2. These two phases of the PME are conducted during the Functionality and Capacity Tests, and thus, by definition cannot be entrance criteria for the Functionality Test.

Both documents are clear, in Staff's opinion, that the Process Audit, or the first phase of the PME, was intended to be an entrance criteria to the Functionality Test. Section 7.2 of the TSD describes all four sections of the PME and expressly provides that the Process Evaluation is an entrance criteria for the Functionality Test. See TSD Section 7.2. Language in Section 7.3.6 of the TSD again differentiates the Process Audit as proceeding in two phases to allow Functionality Testing to begin. It states in relevant part, "[t]he interim report for the PME Process Audits may be produced in two phases to allow Functionality Testing to begin based on performance measures already in operation with a second report produced and approved for those performance measures being developed by U S WEST." The MTP, Section 4.7.3.2 lists the following entrance criteria to the Functionality Test:

- Sufficient establishment of the Arizona Performance Measures
- The Test Administrator has sufficiently completed its evaluation of the U S WEST *processes* for data collection and calculation of the Arizona Performance Measures.

On the other hand, Staff could find no express provision in either document, and hence no evidence of an agreement among the parties, that the entire three month Historical Data Evaluation was intended to be an entrance criteria to the Functionality Test. However, as explained below, both documents contained some ambiguous language regarding whether and to

TSD Section 7.2 provides in relevant part: "The Performance Measurement Process Evaluation is an audit/review of the processes and practices utilized by U S WEST for gathering and computing the retail an CLEC results for the performance measures identified in Appendix B of the MTP. Since this process evaluation is an entrance criteria for Functionality Tests, the process evaluation may be conducted in two phases. Conducting the audits in this fashion will permit testing to begin for those performance measures that are currently available. A second process audit/review will be conducted for those areas of the test feeding performance measures being developed by U S WEST.

A Historical Data Evaluation will be conducted on the 3 most current consecutive months of U S WEST retail and CLEC data. The Historical Data Evaluation will be conducted in phases that match the availability of the Performance Measurement data.

what extent some review of Qwest's historical performance measurement data had to take place before the Functionality Test could proceed. As already noted, Staff construed the ambiguities in the most reasonable fashion possible taking into account the positions of the parties and the continued integrity of the test.

B. Staff Construed the Provisions of the MTP and TSD in the Most Reasonable Fashion Possible Given the Express Language Contained in Both Documents and the Positions of the Parties.

AT&T argues that Staff ignored language in the documents which supported its position. See AT&T Motion at p. 7. Staff did not ignore language in support of AT&T's position, in coming to the conclusion that neither completion of the entire PME or the entire Historical Data Evaluation was an entrance criteria to the Functionality Test. The specific language relied upon by AT&T states that "In addition, the historical evaluation will also investigate the presence of potentially confounding factors that may need to be further controlled in the design and analysis of the functionality tests." TSD 7.3.3. While Staff agrees that this language can be interpreted to support AT&T's position, it can also be interpreted to require some historical data evaluation, not the full three month review, on the PIDs being tested.

Staff also considered other language relied upon by AT&T, including the entrance criteria for the various portions of the Functionality Test contained in the TSD. Staff found several of these provisions to be ambiguous. The entrance criteria for the preorder and maintenance and repair sections of the Test refer specifically to successful passing of the *process* audit. *See*, TSD Sections 3.7.4.3; and 3.7.6.3. However, the entrance criteria for the order and provisioning and billing measures refer to "the performance measurement...." being tested and successfully passed. *See*, TSD Sections 3.7.5.3; and 3.7.8.3.

Using the specific language contained in the TSD and MTP to describe the four components of the PME, Staff found that general reference to the "performance measurement" having been tested and passed as entrance criteria for several portions of the Functionality Test could only mean completion of the entire PME, which would not make sense since the last two portions of the PME must be completed *during* testing. Also, Staff could find no rationale for the parties agreeing to completion of only the *process* audit for two portions of the Functionality

Test, but the *whole PME* for the remaining two portions of the Test. Thus, Staff found the most reasonable interpretation consistent with the other language in the documents would be completion of the Process Audit and enough evaluation of the Qwest historical performance measurement data to allow the Test Administrator, in its discretion, to proceed with Testing.

Further, Staff did not ignore the parties' intent as alleged by AT&T. Staff simply could not find definitive language in either document which indicated that the parties had actually reached agreement on the issue and that their collective intent was to include the Historical Data Evaluation as an entrance criteria to the Functionality Test.

In the end, Staff gave considerable weight to the arguments made by AT&T as to why the historical data evaluation was necessary before Functionality Testing could proceed. AT&T argued that the historical data evaluation was necessary in order to validate the results of the Process Audit. Staff agreed that some evaluation was necessary and factored this into its resolution of the issue.

C. Staff Ultimately Adopted a Procedure Which Attempted to Account for the Ambiguities in Both Documents, Balanced the Interests of the Parties, and Ensured Test Integrity.

Given the ambiguities in both documents and the concerns raised by AT&T and Qwest, Staff attempted to structure a resolution which balanced the interests of all parties and ensured continued test integrity. Staff provided that in all cases where its Test Administrator has three months of historical PM data available, the Test Administrator will review that data and its PME interim report will contain the appropriate analysis. In most instances, the Staff's Test Administrator has already reviewed the required three months of PID data, and thus, the issue is already moot in many cases.

However, in those instances where the review of three months of data is not possible and the Test Administrator, in its discretion, determines that testing should proceed, Staff 's Impasse Resolution gives the Test Administrator the ability to proceed subject to many important safeguards. Staff required CAP Gemini to fully apprise the CLECs and the ACC as to when testing is to commence on any specific performance measurements, the amount of data

27

28

collected and analysis done at the time, the safeguards to be imposed in the event that three months of data has not been analyzed. Staff also required its Test Administrator to listen to any objections raised by the CLECs and take those into account in designing and carrying out the tests. The entire process is to be done with ACC/DCI oversight and approval. In addition, as a further safeguard, Qwest has agreed to retesting if later evaluation of the data reveals discrepancies and the need for retesting.

III. CONCLUSION.

The Commission should deny AT&T's Motion for Review of Staff's Resolution of PMA Impasse – MIL Issue No. 926. Staff's resolution represents a careful balancing of the interests of the parties and ensures the continued integrity of the test.

RESPECTFULLY submitted this 15th day of November, 2000.

Maureen A. Scott

Attorney, Legal Division
Arizona Corporation Commission
1200 West Washington Street

Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Telephone: (602) 542-6022 Facsimile: (602) 542-4870

e-mail: maureenscott@cc.state.az.us

The Original and Fifteen Copies of the foregoing were filed this 15th day of November, 2000 with:

Docket Control Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Copies of the foregoing were mailed/hand-delivered the 15th day of November, 2000 to:

Charles Steese Andrew Crain U S WEST Communications, Inc. 1801 California Street, #5100 Denver, Colorado 80202 Maureen Arnold U S WEST Communications, Inc. 3033 N. Third Street, Room 1010 Phoenix, Arizona 85012

| 1 2 | Michael M. Grant GALLAGHER AND KENNEDY 2575 E. Camelback Road | Charles Kallenbach AMERICAN COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES, INC. |
|----------|--|--|
| 3 | Phoenix, Arizona 85016-9225 | 131 National Business Parkway Annapolis Junction, Maryland 20701 |
| 4 | Timothy Berg FENNEMORE CRAIG 3003 N. Central Ave., Suite 2600 | Thomas F. Dixon MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORP |
| 5 | Phoenix, Arizona 85016 | 707 17th Street, #3900 Denver, Colorado 80202 |
| 6 | Mark Dioguardi TIFFANY AND BOSCO PA | Jon Loehman, Managing Director |
| 7 | 500 Dial Tower | SBC Telecom, Inc. |
| 8 | 1850 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 | 5800 Northwest Parkway Suite 135, Room 1.S.40 San Antonio, TX 78249 |
| 9 | Nigel Bates FLECTRIC LIGHTWAVE INC | Richard S. Wolters |
| 10 | ELECTRIC LIGHTWAVE, INC. 4400 NE 77 th Avenue | AT&T & TCG |
| 11 | Vancouver, Washington 98662 | 1875 Lawrence Street, Room 1575 Denver, Colorado 80202 |
| 12 | Thomas L. Mumaw Jeffrey W. Crockett SNELL & WILMER | Joyce Hundley UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT |
| 13 | One Arizona Center | OF JUSTICE |
| 14 | | Antitrust Division 1401 H Street NW, Suite 8000 |
| 15 | Darren S. Weingard Stephen H. Kukta | Washington, DC 20530 |
| 16 | SPŘINT COMMUNICATIONS CO L.P. 1850 Gateway Dr., 7 th Floor | Joan Burke OSBORN MALEDON |
| 17 | San Mateo, CA 94404-2467 | 2929 N. Central Avenue, 21st Floor P.O. Box 36379 |
| | Thomas H. Campbell | Phoenix, Arizona 85067-6379 |
| 18 | LEWIS & ROCA 40 N. Central Avenue | Scott S. Wakefield, Chief Counsel |
| 19 | Phoenix, Arizona 85007 | RUCO 2828 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1200 |
| 20 | Andrew O. Isar TRI | Phoenix, Arizona 85004 |
| 21 | 4312 92 nd Avenue, N.W. Gig Harbor, Washington 98335 | Patricia L. vanMidde AT&T |
| 22 | | 111 West Monroe St., Suite 1201 |
| 23 | Richard M. Rindler Morton J. Posner | Phoenix, Arizona 85004 |
| 24 | SWIDER & BERLIN 3000 K Street, N.W. Suite 300 | Daniel Waggoner DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE |
| 25 | Washington, DC 20007 | 2600 Century Square 1501 Fourth Avenue |
| 26 | Michael W. Patten BROWN & BAIN | Seattle, WA 98101-1688 |
| | 2901 N. Central Avenue | Alaine Miller |
| 27 28 | P.O. Box 400 Phoenix, Arizona 85001-0400 | NEXTLINK Communications, Inc. 500 108 th Avenue NE, Suite 2200 Bellevue, WA 98004 |
| ľ | | |

| - | |
|----|---|
| 1 | Douglas Hsiao RHYTHM LINKS, INC. |
| 2 | 6933 S. Revere Parkway Englewood, CO 80112 |
| 3 | Raymond S. Heyman |
| 4 | Randall H. Warner ROSHKA HEYMAN & DeWULF |
| 5 | Two Arizona Center |
| 6 | 400 N. Fifth Street, Suite 1000 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 |
| 7 | Diane Bacon, Legislative Director |
| 8 | COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA |
| 9 | 5818 North 7 th Street, Suite 206 Phoenix, Arizona 85014-5811 |
| 10 | Gena Doyscher |
| 11 | GLOBAL CROSSING LOCAL SERVICES, INC. |
| 12 | 1221 Nicollet Mall Minneapolis, MN 55403-2420 |
| 13 | Karen L. Clauson |
| 14 | ESCHELON TELECOM, INC. 730 Second Avenue South, Suite 1200 |
| 15 | Minneapolis, MN 55402 |
| 16 | Mark P. Trnichero Davis, Wright Tremaine |
| 17 | 1300 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 2300 Portland, OR 97201 |
| 18 | Robert S. Tanner |
| 19 | Davis, Wright Tremaine 17203 N. 42 nd Street |
| 20 | Phoenix, AZ 85032 |
| 21 | - Maria a Martine |
| 22 | By: Morica Q. Marting Assistant to Maureen A. Scott |
| 23 | S:\LEGAL\MAI\MAUREEN\PLEADING\97238doc.doc |
| 24 | |

26

27

28

Bradley Carroll, Edq. COX ARIZONA TELCOM, L.L.C. 1550 W. Deer Valley Rd. Phoenix, AZ 85027

Mark N. Rogers EXCELL AGENT SERVICES, L.L.C. 2175 W. 14th Street Tempe, AZ 85281

Janet Livengood Regional Vice President Z-Tel Communications, Inc. 601 S. Harbour Island Blvd. Tampa, FL 33602

Jonathan E. Canis Michael B. Hazzard Kelly Drye & Warren L.L.P. 1200 19th Street, NW, Fifth Floor Washington, D.C. 20036

Lyndall Nipps, Dir. Reg. ALLEGIANCE TELECOM, INC. 845 Camino Sur Palm Springs, CA 92262

Andrea P. Harris Sr. Manager, Reg. ALLEGIANCE TELECOM, INC. P. O. Box 2610 Dublin, CA 94568

Dennis D. Ahlers, Sr. Attorney Eschelon Telecom, Inc. 730 Second Ave. South, Ste 1200 Minneapolis, MN 55402